Furman Willet barns (b1898 to d1964) MADISON COUNTY BARN DOCUMENTATION PROJECT

Common Identity of Barn: Furman Willet barns, F. N. Willet barns

Address of Barn: 11461 NC Highway 209 GPS Location: N35-47.520 / W82-52.197 Elevation: 2140'

Township: Spring Creek

Approximate Decade Built or year if known:

large log barn: original was across the road on the mountain, built in the 1800's, moved in 1953 livestock barn with gambrel roof: late 1940's log barn across the road, within shed additions: 1954 *Current Owner:* F. N. Willet *Phone No.:* 828-622-7344

Permission to visit property granted by: owner

Historic Owner(s): William "Bill" M. Willet, Furman Willet

Large log barn

Current Use: storage, equipment **Historic Use:** livestock barn adapted to burley tobacco, perhaps after it was moved in 1953; Because of dimensions, could have been Bull Face tobacco barn prior to that, but this is not known.

Outbuildings: Include Separate Sheet if needed: many outbuildings remain, including a rare surviving carbide tank for a gas generator for the early electric light system.

Setting and/or Surrounding Land Use: Include Separate Sheet if needed: a classic farmstead in this narrow section of the Spring Creek watershed.

Historic Information

The Furman Willet log barn represents a very common practice in the log barn building history of this and other townships, where an older log barn has been relocated to its current site. The original is thought to have been built in the late 1800's on the mountain across the road and was moved to this site in 1953 and adapted for livestock stalls and burley tobacco curing in the loft. The logs are predominantly chestnut, some with the bark remaining. There are also logs with scars from the 1920's chestnut blight which would indicate that those logs may have been added when the barn was moved, as its function was also changed. The adjacent livestock barn with the gambrel roof was built in the late 1940's. Furman Willet's father was known to have also grown the earlier flue-cured tobacco until the early '20's, and Bull Face chewing tobacco, that was smoke-cured.

The rock case house was built in 1944, rock work NOT done by Clarence Lawson, a known Spring Creek rock mason, but by another known mason. The log section of the equipment barn is the form of a flue-cured tobacco barn, but was built in 1954, an unusual construction that late in the history of log building here.

BARN CHARACTERISTICS

Barn 1: Large log livestock/burley tobacco barn: original was across the road on the mountain, built in the late 1800's, moved in 1953

Condition of original barn: Good	FairX	Poor	Ruined
Has the original barn been added to or altered?	yesX_ no	_ са	nnot determine
Condition of additions and alterations to barn:	Good	Fair_X	Poor Ruined

Original Barn structure

Function of original barn:

General purpose___Livestock/hay___flue-cured tobacco_x likely__burley tobacco___dairy__

Bull Face tobacco_X__ Bill Willet raised flue-cured tobacco and Bull Face chewing tobacco from 1914, when he purchased this land, until the 1920's, and could have built the original barn, in a different location, possibly as a Bull Face tobacco barn or a flue-cured tobacco barn. His son, Furman Willet relocated the barn to the present location in 1953 and adapted it to burley tobacco.

Construction elements of original barn: (check all that apply)

Post and Beam____ Mortise and tenon____Sawn lumber from sawmill___Hewn Timbers___ Notched Logs_X__

Additional Info: simple saddle notching; there are several logs that have scarring from the chestnut blight and would have been cut after 1924. Because of the common practice of relocating and reconstructing log barns, this barn could have been originally built prior to the chestnut blight with a different function and with original logs. When moved, new logs could have been added to change the shape and function of the barn, possibly explaining the scarring. This speculation is in light of the current owner explaining that his grandfather grew both flue-cured and Bull Face tobacco, but there is no other evidence of this.

Original Siding Materials: The barn that is considered "original" here, is the barn that was reconstructed on this site in 1953.

Milled Boards_	_X	_Lattice	Exposed logs_X_	_ Boards and Battens_	 Metal
Shingles					

Orientation of siding materials: (check all that apply) Angled on diagonal_____vertical___X_horizontal_____

Roof of original barn Pitch or Slope: 6/12

Additional Info

Roof Shape of Original barn:

Gable End_x__

Extended Gable____

Broken Gable____

Gambrel	Shed	Other		
Split wood Shingles) etal5-V metal_x stamped metal shingle Tar paper ls		
Roof framing of ori Round pole rafters_	-	pola split roof sections		
Foundation of Original barn: Dry-Laid Stone Wood sills on stone piers_x Mortared Stone				
Concrete Concrete Block Columns/Wood Piers				
Additional Info:				
Flooring: dirt floorsx_ concrete slabwood flooring				
Other features of original barn				
Species of wood used: chestnutx some with blight scarringothers: x				
Hand-crafted doors, mangers, feed troughs, equipment hooks, hay forks, wrought iron:				
List and describe:				
Hinges: leather wooden wrought iron commercial metalx_				
Wire nails x	wrought spikes	cut nails		
Tobacco Tier poles:	+/- 2 foot vertical spacin	g +/- 4-foot vertical spacing_44" average vertical +/- 3 foot		
vertical spacing (confirm in inches)				
Lightning rods	grapevines on sout	h wall leeks on downslope from barn		
Barn bank, hill, ramp or bridge to 2 nd floor loft level (describe): none				
Below-ground room or cellar				
Water supply if applicable (describe)				
Additions and Alterations				

See note above about this barn having been moved and likely reconfigured.

Date Photos Taken: August 22, 2014

Submitted By: Name: Taylor Barnhill Address: 226 Beech Glen Rd. Mars Hill 28754 Phone: Home: 828-689-5530 Cell: 828-380-9336 Email: taylor.barnhill@yahoo.com